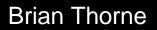
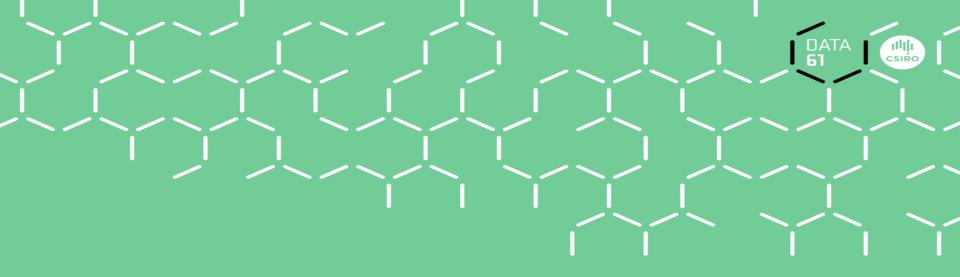


Confidential Computing

Analytics with data privacy and control



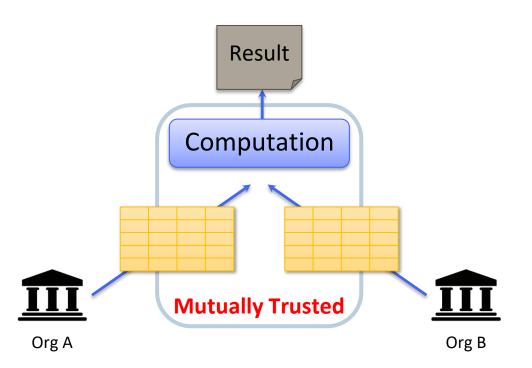




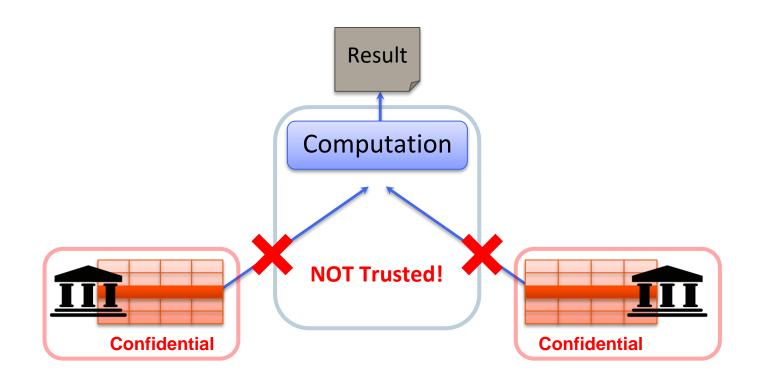
Privacy Preserving Linkage Motivation

Multi-Organisation Analytics Today

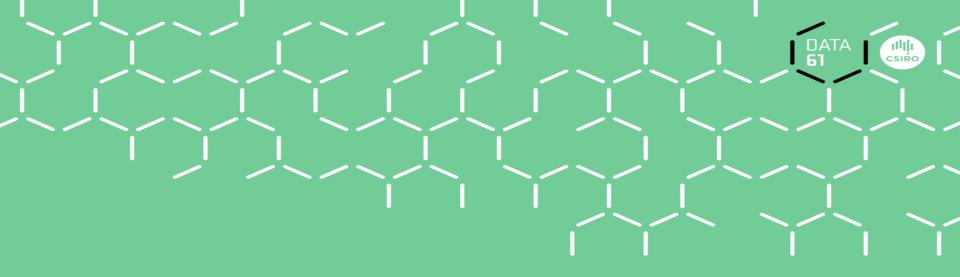




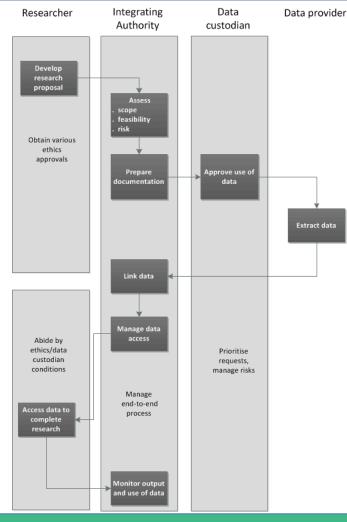
But many Opportunities are Blocked



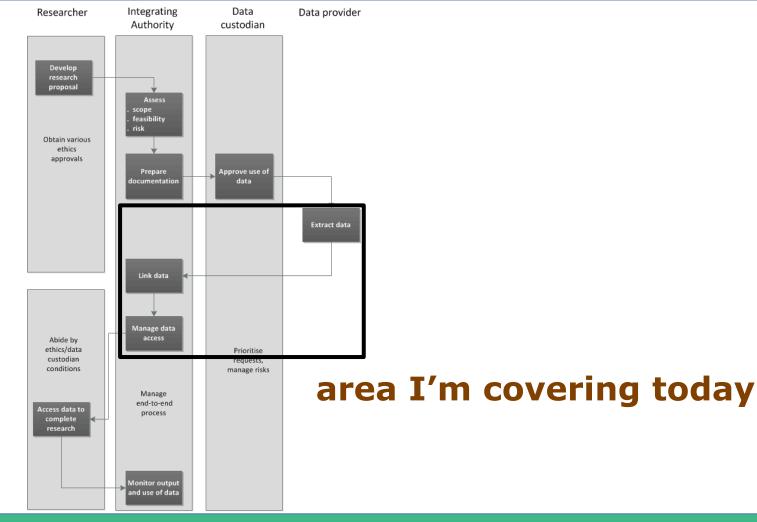
DATA 61



Entity Matching



Overview of a typical data integration project within GOV



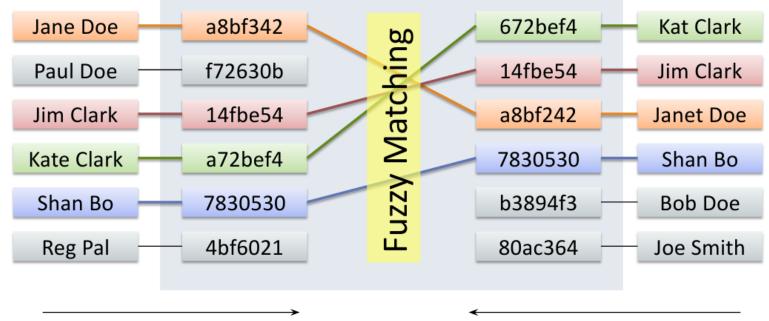
Privacy-preserving entity resolution

• **Goal**: match *corresponding* rows in two distinct databases

| Name | DOB | | Name | DOB | |
|-------------|------------|--|-------------|------------|--|
| Klara Jovel | 07/09/1942 | | Tori Mckone | 07/06/1921 | |
| Scott Redo | 04/08/1923 | | Scotty Undo | 24/01/1965 | |
| Tori Mckone | 07/06/1921 | | Scott Redo | 04/08/1923 | |
| Rusty Brod | 25/07/2014 | | Clara Jovel | 07/09/1942 | |

- **Constraint**: can't share Personally Identifiable Information (PII)
- Solution: fuzzy & private matching

Privacy-preserving entity resolution



One way hash functions

One way hash functions

How?

For every record we process the PII into a **Cryptographic Longterm Key** or (CLK)

Briefly, we hash the bi-grams for each PII feature into a bloom filter.

https://github.com/n1analytics/clkhash/



Cryptographic Longterm Key

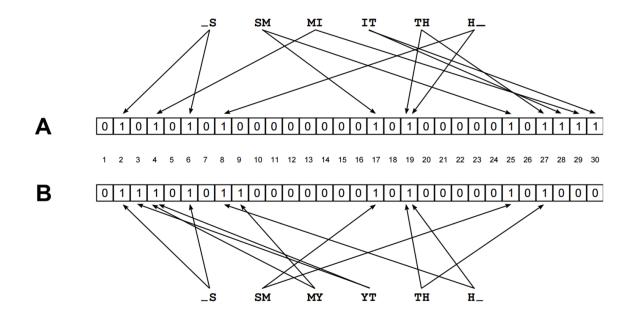
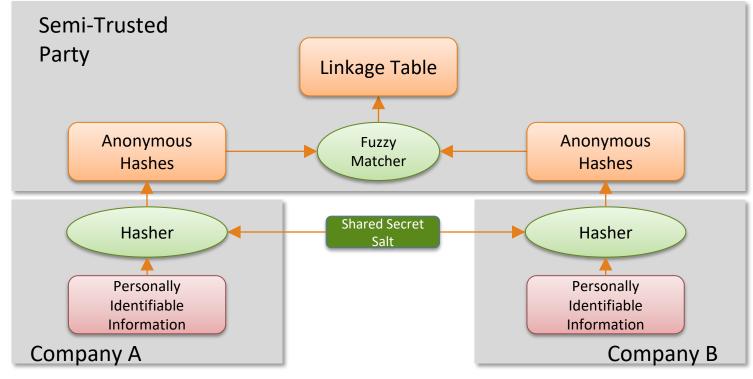


Figure 1: Example for the mapping of two names (SMITH, SMYTH) using bigrams and two hash functions to two Bloom-Filters (A, B) with 30 bits each.

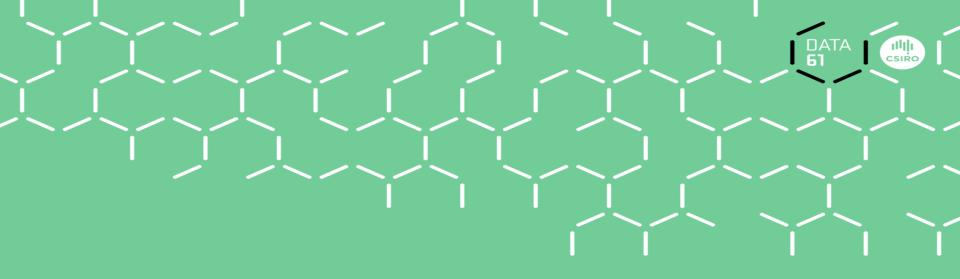
Private Record Linkage



PII cannot be recovered from the hashes

DATA 61

csirc



anonlink

Semi-trusted Third Party



- Only hashed data is uploaded to the entity resolution service
- Hash security relies on a shared secret between parties
- Implemented the service with a simple JSON + REST API
- All communication is secured with HTTPS
- Authentication tokens created for each job
- Result type and agreed schema is set at beginning

Client side: Command Line Utility

- Locally hashes PII data
- Creates new mapping jobs on the server
- Uploads hash data
- Retrieves results

| n1analytics / <mark>clkhash</mark> | ·= • | | O Unwatch - 9 | ★Unstar 4 ¥Fork 0 |
|------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Code () Issues 43 | [*] Pull requests 0 Z Ze | nHub 🕕 Insights 🔅 | Settings | |
| K hash: hash pii for enti | ty matching Incing-technologies hashing Ma | nage topics | | Edit |
| 290 commits | پ 13 branches | ⊗ 9 releases | 註 8 contributors | क्रु Apache-2.0 |
| anch: master - New pu | ill request | c | reate new file Upload files F | ind file Clone or download - |
| nbgl Merge pull request #1 | 39 from n1analytics/docs-readme | | Lat | est commit b14384c 4 minutes ago |
| clkhash | Feature support better date type (#129) 7 days a | | | |
| docs | Update README.md 3 days a | | | |
| tests | Feature support better date type (#129) 7 days | | | 7 days ago |
| .appveyor.yml | Disable storing artifacts on app veyor. Fixes #75 a month as | | | a month ago |
| .gitignore | Schema overhaul (#69) | Schema overhaul (#69) 20 days ag | | |
| .travis.yml | fixed docs for schema (#130 | fixed docs for schema (#130) 7 days | | |
| CHANGELOG.md | Release 0.11.0 (#132) | | | 6 days ago |
| Jenkinsfile | Feature build with Travis-CI | #50) | | 2 months ago |
| LICENSE | Release v0.8.0 of clkhash (#2 | Release v0.8.0 of clkhash (#25) 5 months | | |
| README.md | Schema overhaul (#69) 20 days | | | 20 days ago |
| requirements.txt | Fix Clkhash on Pypy3 by bumping PyBlake2 version. 14 days | | | 14 days ago |
| setup.cfg | Feature build with Travis-CI (#50) | | | 2 months ago |
| setup.py | Fix Clkhash on Pypy3 by bumping PyBlake2 version. | | | 14 days ago |
| | | | | |

DATA

CLK Hash

Python implementation of cryptographic longterm key hashing. Supports Python versions 2.7+, 3.4+

This is as described by Rainer Schnell, Tobias Bachteler, and Jörg Reiher in A Novel Error-Tolerant Anonymous Linking Code

build passing

In [7]: !clkutil hash --help

Usage: clkutil hash [OPTIONS] INPUT OUTPUT

Process data to create CLKs

Given a file containing csv data as INPUT, and optionally a json document defining the expected schema, verify the schema, then hash the data to create CLKs writing to OUTPUT.

Use "-" to output to stdout.

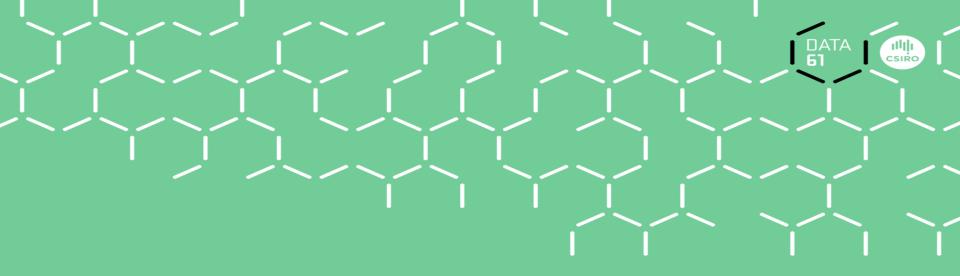
Options:

-k, --keys <TEXT TEXT>...
-s, --schema FILENAME
--help Show this message and exit.

In [8]: %%time

Hash the data using the secret keys that the linkage authority doesn't know
!clkutil hash --keys smooth oreo alice.txt alice-hashed.json

Assuming default schema Hashing data CLK data written to alice-hashed.json CPU times: user 53.3 ms, sys: 16.7 ms, total: 70 ms Wall time: 2.23 s



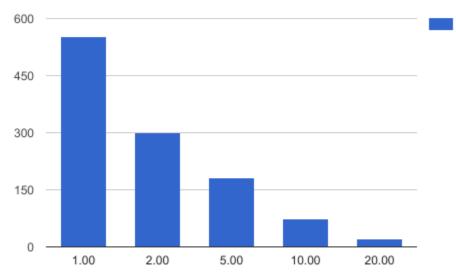
Performance & Case Study

Speed and Scale



- 1.3B hash comparisons/s
- Handle uploads of 35M hashes
- 1M x 1M match takes around 5 hours

Running on four r4.4xlarge instances on AWS



100K Match - Time taken with more workers

Computing similarity between CLKs is a very parallel problem. Our implementation utilizes multiple workers to carry out comparisons using a kubernetes cluster



Data61 Privacy Projects

Protari, SENDA, Risk Identification, N1, Private Linkage

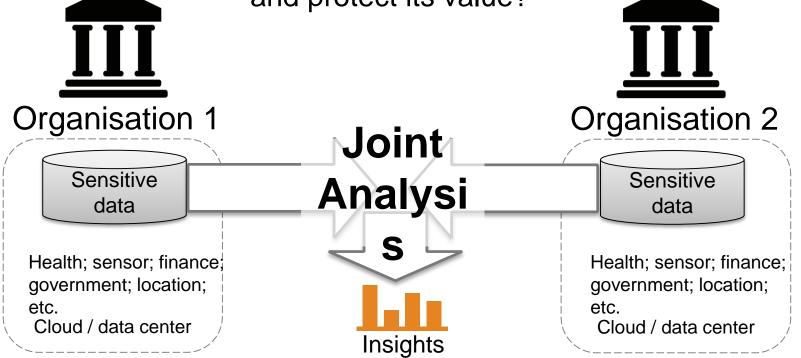


Confidential Computing



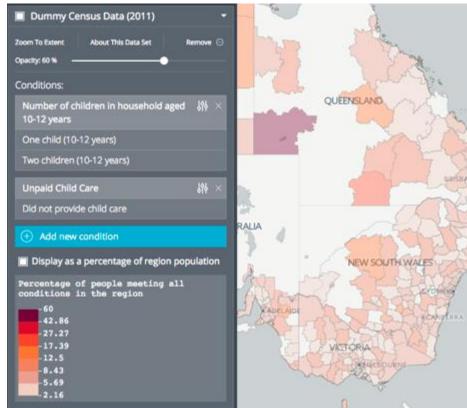
How can we learn insights from data from multiple sources

and protect its value?



Protari





Confidential Computing

-

Secure aggregation of data

Clustering/Anomaly Detection

Technologies

Capabilities

Goals

| Fully, Somewhat, Partially Homomorphic encryption | Secure Multiparty Compute | Learning from Aggregates |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|

| Release your data without losing control | Access data that is currently too sensitiv |
|--|--|
|--|--|

N1 Analytics





Confidential Computing

Analytics with data privacy and control



www.n1analytics.com